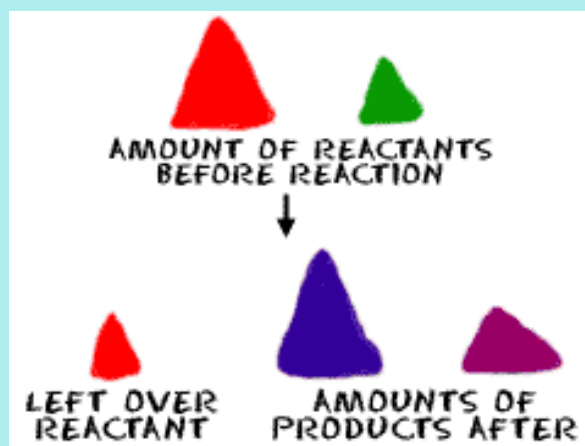


Stoichiometry

“stochio” = element (Greek)

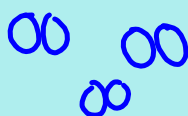
“metry” = measurement

Stoichiometry is about measuring the amounts of elements and compounds involved in a reaction



* stoichiometric coefficients:

numbers to balance reaction

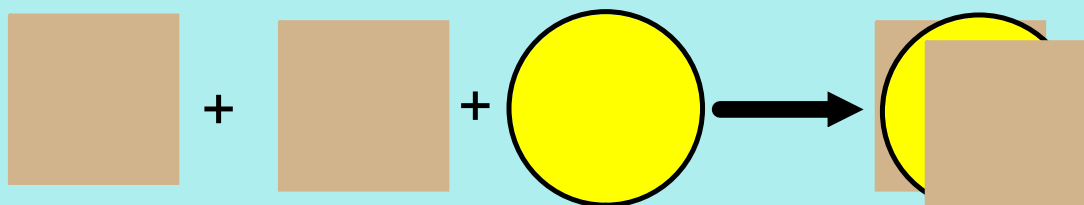


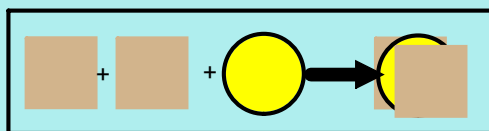
**Suppose you are preparing cheese sandwiches.
Each sandwich requires
2 pieces of bread and 1 slice of cheese.**

You have:

- 1. 4 slices of cheese** --how many sandwiches can I make, if I have enough bread? 4
(excess)
- 2. 10 pieces of bread** --how many sandwiches can I make, if I have enough cheese? 5
(excess)

Cheese Sandwich Products





need balanced equation



Stoichiometric
change (+ or -)

Steps

1. Balance Equation

2. Determine amounts of other reactants and products based on amount given

1. 4 slices of cheese --

How many sandwiches can I make,
if I have enough bread?

$$\frac{4 \text{ pieces } \cancel{\text{Ch}}}{1 \cancel{\text{Ch}}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ Br}_2\text{Ch}}{1 \text{ Ch}} \right. = 4 \text{ Br}_2\text{Ch}$$

$$\frac{4 \text{ pieces } \cancel{\text{Ch}}}{1 \cancel{\text{Ch}}} \left| \frac{2 \text{ Br}}{1 \text{ Ch}} \right. = 8 \text{ Br}$$

coefficient

2. 10 pieces of bread --

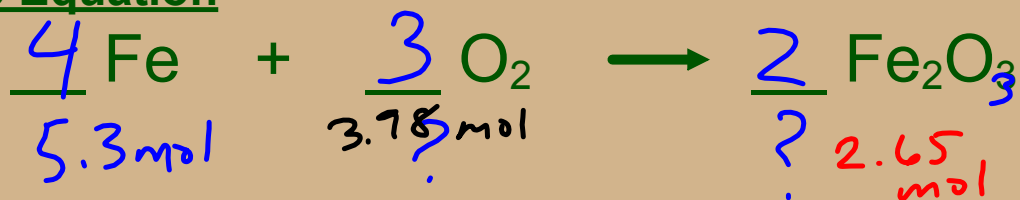
How many sandwiches can I make,
if I have enough cheese?

$$\frac{10 \text{ pieces } \text{Br}}{2 \text{ Br}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ Br}_2\text{Ch}}{2 \text{ Br}} \right. = 5 \text{ Br}_2\text{Ch}$$

$$\frac{10 \text{ pieces } \text{Br}}{2 \text{ Br}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ Ch}}{2 \text{ Br}} \right. = 5 \text{ Ch}$$

5.3 moles of Fe react with excess O_2

1. Balance Equation



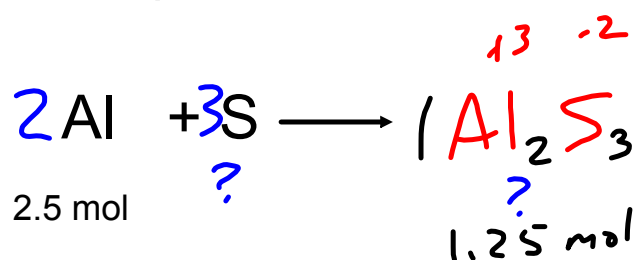
← coeff.

$$\frac{5.3 \text{ mol Fe}}{\cancel{4 \text{ mol Fe}}} \left| \frac{3 \text{ mol O}_2}{\cancel{4 \text{ mol Fe}}} \right. = 3.98 \text{ mol O}_2$$

mole to mole step

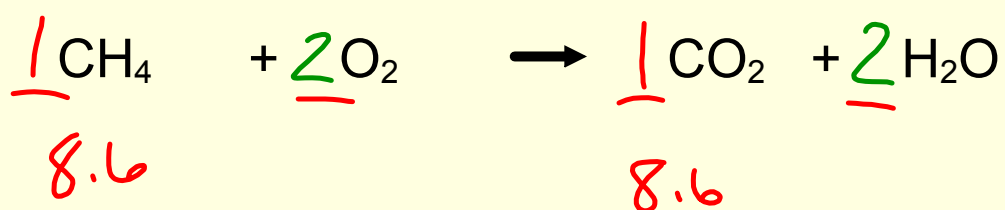
$$\frac{5.3 \text{ mol Fe}}{\cancel{4 \text{ mol Fe}}} \left| \frac{2 \text{ mol Fe}_2\text{O}_3}{\cancel{4 \text{ mol Fe}}} \right. = 2.65 \text{ mol Fe}_2\text{O}_3$$

If I have 2.5 mol Al, how much aluminum sulfide will be produced? Assume there is excess sulfur.



$$\frac{2.5 \text{ mol Al}}{2 \text{ mol Al}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Al}_2\text{S}_3}{1 \text{ mol Al}_2\text{S}_3} = 1.25 \text{ mol Al}_2\text{S}_3$$

$$\frac{2.5 \text{ mol Al}}{2 \text{ mol Al}} \times \frac{3 \text{ mol S}}{1 \text{ mol Al}_2\text{S}_3} = 3.75 \text{ mol S}$$



How many moles of CH_4 and O_2 will react to form 8.6 moles of CO_2 ?

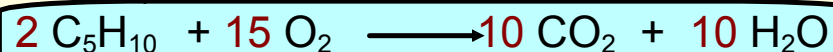
$$\frac{8.6 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{CO}_2}}{1 \cancel{\text{ mol CO}_2}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CH}_4}{1 \cancel{\text{ mol CO}_2}} = 8.6 \text{ mol CH}_4$$

$$\frac{8.6 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{CO}_2}}{1 \cancel{\text{ mol CO}_2}} \times \frac{2 \text{ mol O}_2}{1 \cancel{\text{ mol CO}_2}} = 17.2 \text{ mol O}_2$$

Review for Quiz

1. What is the molar mass of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?
2. How many grams are in 2.9 moles of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?
3. If I have 9,030g of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$, how many moles do I have?
4. How many grams of tin can be extracted from 9030 grams of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?

Use the following equation for the next questions



5. If this reaction produces 2.67 moles H_2O :
 - a. How much carbon dioxide was produced?
 - b. How much pentane was reacted?
 - c. How much oxygen was reacted?

Review for Quiz

1. What is the molar mass of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Sn } 3 \times 119 = 357 \\ \text{P } 2 \times 31 = 62 \\ \text{O } 6 \times 16 = 96 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{Sn } 3 \times 119 = 357 \\ \text{P } 2 \times 31 = 62 \\ \text{O } 6 \times 16 = 96 \end{array}} \right\} 515 \text{ g/mol}$$

2. How many grams are in 2.9 moles of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?

$$2.9 \text{ mol } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2 \left| \frac{515 \text{ g } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2}{1 \text{ mol } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2} = 1493 \text{ g } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$$

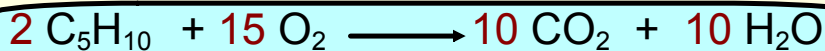
3. If I have 9,030g of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$, how many moles do I have?

$$9030 \text{ g } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2 \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2}{515 \text{ g } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2} = 17.5 \text{ mol } \text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$$

4. How many grams of tin can be extracted from 9030 grams of $\text{Sn}_3(\text{PO}_3)_2$?

$$\frac{\text{part}}{\text{total}} = \frac{\text{part}}{\text{total}} \quad \frac{357}{515} = \frac{x}{9030} \quad 6,260 \text{ g Sn}$$

Use the following equation for the next questions

5. If this reaction produces 2.67 moles H_2O :

a. How much carbon dioxide was produced?

$$2.67 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \left| \frac{10 \text{ mol } \text{CO}_2}{10 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = 2.67 \text{ mol } \text{CO}_2$$

b. How much pentane was reacted?

$$2.67 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \left| \frac{2 \text{ mol } \text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}}{10 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = 0.53 \text{ mol } \text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}$$

c. How much oxygen was reacted?

$$2.67 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \left| \frac{15 \text{ mol } \text{O}_2}{10 \text{ mol } \cancel{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = 4.0 \text{ mol } \text{O}_2$$